Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Town of Milk River (the Town).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from information provided by management. These statements include certain amounts based on management's estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts based on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The Town maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and that the Town's assets are properly accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The elected Council of the Town is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. Council meets periodically with management and the external auditors to review significant accounting, reporting and internal control matters. Following its review of the financial statements and discussions with the auditors, the Council approves the financial statements. The Council approves the appointment of the external auditors and reviews the monthly financial reports.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Shawn Cook Professional Corporation, Chartered Professional Accountants, the external auditor, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards on behalf of the Council, residents and ratepayers of the Town. Shawn Cook Professional Corporation has full and free access to the Council.

Mr. Jon Hood, CAO

Milk River, Alberta April 12, 2021 An association for the practice of Chartered Professional Accountancy*
*Belcourt Reddick Professional Corporation, Chartered Professional Accountants
*Shawn Cook Professional Corporation, Chartered Professional Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Town of Milk River

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Milk River (the Town), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town as at December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Town of Milk River (continued)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Lethbridge, Alberta April 12, 2021

Chartered Professional Accountants

Shawn Cook Professional Corporation



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
		th c
FINANCIAL ASSETS	2 496 442	2 574 257
Cash (Note 2) Receivables	2,486,443	2,574,357
Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3)	108,877	86,906
Trade and other (Note 4)	180,694	296,862
Land held for resale	137,968	77,422
*	2,913,982	3,035,547
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	183,415	179,078
Deferred revenue (Note 5)	28,771	20,517
	212,186	199,595
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,701,796	2,835,952
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2)	11,971,262	11,499,712
Inventory for consumption	40,268	55,325
Prepaid expenses and deposits		4,485
	12,011,530	11,559,522
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1 and Note 8)	14,713,326	14,395,474

CONTINGENCIES (Note 11)

Approved by the Council:

Consolidated Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited)	2020	2019
	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES	022 022	021.050	0.60.052
Net municipal property taxes (Schedule 3)	923,032	831,859	868,952
User fees and sales of goods	585,225	534,553	576,349
Government transfers (Schedule 4) Franchise and concession contracts	117,133 162,000	210,347 159,446	119,205 158,533
Rental	50,465	43,003	50,189
Investment income		29,646	
Penalties and costs of taxes	50,100		71,845 14,757
	12,000	12,892	,
Licenses, permits and fines Other	9,000 10,500	8,820 3,670	9,094 13,531
Other	10,300		
	1,919,455	1,834,236	1,882,455
EXPENSES			
Administration	336,215	368,971	452,948
Roads, streets, walks, lighting and common services	348,012	472,872	611,251
Water supply and wastewater treatment	379,625	668,741	742,705
Parks and recreation	184,685	239,083	305,065
Waste management	146,184	144,195	142,055
Legislative	63,400	65,529	64,348
Police, fire and bylaw enforcement	134,373	123,638	117,981
Land use planning, zoning, and development	78,750	10,764	10,489
Other	19,300	14,295	13,995
Loss on disposal of capital assets	<u> </u>	1,000	
	1,690,544	2,109,088	2,460,837
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENSES BEFORE OTHER	228,911	(274,852)	(578,382)
OTHER	202.406	502 504	1 (27 52)
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 4) Contributed assets	303,496	592,704	1,637,526
Loss on disposal of Regional Water Line	- 		81,630 (6,578)
TOTAL OTHER	303,496	592,704	1,712,578
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENSES	532,407	317,852	1,134,196
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	14,395,474	14,395,474	13,261,278
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, END OF YEAR	14,927,881	14,713,326	14,395,474

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	532,407	317,852	1,134,196
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(41,163) - - - -	(1,116,112) 53,000 590,562 1,000	(1,660,476) 13,000 585,468 6,578
Use (acquisition) of prepaid assets and deposits Use (acquisition) of inventory for consumption	(41,163) - -	(471,550) 4,485 15,057	(1,055,430) (4,485) 500
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	491,244	<u>19,542</u> (134,156)	(3,985) 74,781
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,835,952	2,835,952	2,761,171
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS, END OF YEAR	3,327,196	2,701,796	2,835,952

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	2020 \$	2019 \$
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED		
TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:		
OPERATING		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	317,852	1,134,196
Non-cash items included in excess of revenues over expenses		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	590,562	585,468
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	1,000	6,578
Contributed assets	-	(81,630)
Non-cash charges to operations (net changes)		
Decrease (increase) in taxes and grants in lieu receivable	(21,971)	(35,288)
Decrease in trade and other receivables	116,168	(129,838)
(Increase) in land held for resale	(60,546)	-
Decrease (increase) in inventory for consumption	15,057	500
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits	4,485	(4,485)
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,337	(99,641)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	8,254	(1,184,485)
	975,198	191,375
CAPITAL		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,116,112)	(1,578,846)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	53,000	13,000
	(1,063,112)	(1,565,846)
INVESTING		
Decrease in investments		1,750
CHANGE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR	(87,914)	(1,372,721)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,574,357	3,947,078
CASH, END OF YEAR	2,486,443	2,574,357

Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Unrestricted Surplus \$	Restricted Surplus \$	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,758,032	1,137,730	11,499,712	14,395,474	13,261,278
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	317,852	-	-	317,852	1,134,196
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(1,116,112)	-	1,116,112	-	-
Disposal of tangible capital assets	54,000	-	(54,000)	-	-
Annual amortization expense	590,562		(590,562)		
Change in accumulated surplus	(153,698)		471,550	317,852	1,134,196
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	1,604,334	1,137,730	11,971,262	14,713,326	14,395,474

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Land \$	Land Improvements \$	Buildings \$	Engineered Structures \$	Machinery & Equipment \$	Vehicles \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	369,515	785,751	3,449,556	16,756,338	1,360,550	1,652,747	24,374,457	22,753,137
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital assets Construction in progress	- - -	- - -	139,948	920,664	- - -	55,500 (60,000)	1,116,112 (60,000)	1,469,379 (39,156) 191,097
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	369,515	785,751	3,589,504	17,677,002	1,360,550	1,648,247	25,430,569	24,374,457
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	- -	624,848	1,581,651	8,469,550	1,130,088	1,068,608	12,874,745	12,308,855
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on disposals	- -	19,560	74,636	394,687	40,132	61,547 (6,000)	590,562 (6,000)	585,468 (19,578)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		644,408	1,656,287	8,864,237	1,170,220	1,124,155	13,459,307	12,874,745
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	369,515	141,343	1,933,217	8,812,765	190,330	524,092	11,971,262	11,499,712
2019 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	369,515	160,903	1,867,905	8,286,788	230,462	584,139	11,499,712	

Schedule of Property Taxes Levied December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
	·	·	·
TAXATION			
Real property taxes	886,901	809,097	836,666
Linear property taxes	149,656	148,850	168,104
Government grants in place of property taxes	25,859	24,868	25,817
Special assessment and local improvement taxes	76,333	63,290	53,275
	1,137,943	1,046,105	1,083,862
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Fund	189,052	189,334	189,052
Seniors foundation	25,859	24,912	25,858
	214,911	214,246	214,910
NET MUNICIPAL PROPERTY TAXES	923,032	831,859	868,952

Schedule of Government Transfers December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATIONS			
Provincial Government	63,133	157,407	67,784
Other Local Governments	54,000	52,940	51,421
	117,133	210,347	119,205
		210,547	117,203
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Provincial Government	303,496	512,187	1,637,526
Other Local Governments		80,517	_
	303,496	592,704	1,637,526
	420,629	803,051	1,756,731

Schedule of Consolidated Expenditures by Object December 31, 2020

	Budget (Unaudited) \$	2020 \$	2019 \$
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries, wages and benefits	460,678	479,999	666,639
Contracted and general services	723,437	601,827	742,852
Materials, goods and utilities	436,550	329,354	380,678
Transfers to local boards and agencies	73,379	82,663	62,889
Other	21,500	23,683	22,311
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	1,000	_
Amortization		590,562	585,468
	1,715,544	2,109,088	2,460,837

TOWN OF MILK RIVER

Schedule of Segmented Disclosure For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Government \$	Protective Services \$	Transportation Services \$	Planning & Development \$	Recreation E & Culture \$	nvironmental Services \$	Total
REVENUES							
Net municipal taxes	831,859	-	-	-	=	-	831,859
Government transfers	160,424	16,299	59,357	=	33,621	533,350	803,051
User fees and sales of goods	2,433	-	20	25,238	16,190	490,672	534,553
Investment income	29,577	-	-	-	=	69	29,646
Other revenue	222,555	1,340	559	2,477		900	227,831
	1,246,848	17,639	59,936	27,715	49,811	1,024,991	2,426,940
EXPENSES							
Salaries, wages and benefits	178,222	11,667	67,697	_	95,000	127,413	479,999
Contracted and general services	160,997	61,258	159,154	10,764	23,070	186,584	601,827
Materials, goods and utilities	33,414	19,654	127,575	-	55,993	92,718	329,354
Transfers to local boards and agencies	43,316	-	-	_	13,756	25,591	82,663
Other expenses	18,029	3	1,003			5,648	24,683
	433,978	92,582	355,429	10,764	187,819	437,954	1,518,526
NET REVENUES BEFORE AMORTIZATION	812,870	(74,943)	(295,493)	16,951	(138,008)	587,037	908,414
Amortization	14,817	31,056	118,443		51,264	374,982	590,562
NET REVENUES	798,053	(105,999)	(413,936)	16,951	(189,272)	212,055	317,852

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Milk River are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants od Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town of Milk River are as follows:

a) Reporting Entity -

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. The entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the town and are, therefore, accountable to the town council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

b) Basis of Accounting -

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measureable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measureable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

c) Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the reported period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d) Investments -

Investments are recorded at cost less any provision for other than temporary impairment.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Inventories for Resale -

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

f) Prepaid Local Improvement Charges -

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special assessments during the period of the related borrowings. These levies are collectible from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowings.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowing, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

g) Tax Revenue -

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

h) Government Transfers -

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

i) Non-Financial Assets -

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- i) Non-Financial Assets (continued) -
 - 1) Tangible Capital Assets -

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	YEARS
Land Improvements	10-20
Buildings	25-50
Engineered Structures	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	10-20

A full year of amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and no amortization is charged in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use. As of December 31, 2020 there was nil (2019 - \$191,097) of assets under construction.

2) Leases -

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

3) Inventories -

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement cost.

2. Cash and Temporary Investments

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Cash on hand Guaranteed Investment Certificates Notice on Amount 90 days	1,344,473 97,268 	1,449,151 95,134 1,030,072
	2,486,443	2,574,357

The guaranteed investment certificates have an interest rates ranging from 0.90% to 1.30% and maturity dates ranging from January, 2021 to October, 2022.

The town has a demand revolving bank operating line of credit with a maximum limit of \$200,000 bearing interest at 3.45% and secured by an assignment of property taxes. At year-end, the balance of the line of credit was nil.

Included in bank accounts is a restricted amount of \$28,721 (2019 - \$20,517) received from the Federal Gas Tax Fund Grant and held exclusively for approved projects (Note 5).

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

3.	Taxes and Grants in Place of Taxes Receivables	2020	2019
		\$	\$
	Current taxes and grants in place of taxes	75,920	74,643
	Arrears taxes	32,957	12,263
		108,877	86,906
4.	Trade and Other Receivables	2020	2010
		2020 \$	2019 \$
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Grants Trade	134,490	223,305
	GST	28,239 16,861	47,818 23,807
	Accrued interest	1,104	1,932
		180,694	296,862
5.	Deferred Revenue		
		2020	2019
		50	
	Business liscenses Federal Gas Tax Fund Grant	50 28,721	-
	Village of Coutts - Raw Water Storage Project		20,517
	-	28,771	20,517
		20,771	20,817

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

6. Debt Limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the town be disclosed as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Total debt limit	2,751,354	2,823,683
Total debt		
Total unused debt limit	2,751,354	2,823,683
Service on debt limit	458,559	470,614
Service on debt		
Amount of unused service on debt	458,559	470,614

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

7. Equity in Tangible Capital Assets

, v	2020 \$	2019 \$
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (Schedule 2)	25,430,569 (13,459,307)	24,374,457 (12,874,745)
	11,971,262	11,499,712
8. Accumulated Surplus	2020 \$	2019 \$
Unrestricted surplus Operating reserves Capital reserves Equity in tangible capital assets	1,604,334 45,730 1,092,000 11,971,262	1,758,032 45,730 1,092,000 11,499,712
	14,713,326	14,395,474

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

9. Segmented Disclosure

The Town of Milk River provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 6).

10. Salary and Benefits Disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for town officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

		Benefits &	2020	2019
_	Salary (1)	Allowances (2)	Total	Total
<u>-</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mayor - Peggy Losey	6,900	-	6,900	6,375
Councilor - Suzanne Liebelt	5,950	-	5,950	6,125
- Margaret McCanna	5,600	-	5,600	7,025
- Leonard McCullogh	5,125	-	5,125	5,300
- Phil Wright	5,875	-	5,875	8,825
CAO - Village of Warner Contr	60,329	-	60,329	-
CAO - Village of Stirling Contr	8,386	-	8,386	6,160
CAO - Ryan Leuzinger	-	-	-	94,591
Designated Officer - assessor(1)	15,186	-	15,186	15,212

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accident disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, car and travel allowances, conferences, and memberships.

11. Contingencies

The town is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of the membership, the town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

12. Financial Instruments

The town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, receivables, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the town is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial statements.

The town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

13. Subsequent Events

The outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption in businesses globally resulting in an eeconomic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Government and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and conditions of the organization.

14. Comparative Figures

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. These changes do not affect prior year's earnings.

15. Approval of Financial Statements

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.